Enrollment No:	Exam Seat No:

C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

Summer Examination-2016

Subject Name: Fluid Mechanics

Subject Code: 4TE04FME1 Branch : B.Tech (Mech, Auto)

Semester: 4 Date: 10/5/2016 Time :2:30 To 5: 30 **Marks**: 70

Instructions:

(1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.

- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

Q-1 **Attempt the following questions:**

- 14 Which of the following is dimensionless
- The two important forces for a floating body are **b**)
 - (a) buoyancy, gravity (b) buoyancy, pressure (c) buoyancy, inertial

(a) specific gravity (b) specific volume (c) specific speed (d) specific weight

- (d) inertial, gravity
- Falling drops of water become spheres due to the property of
 - (a) adhesion (b) cohesion (c) surface tension(d) viscosity
- Rotameter is a device used to measure
 - (a) absolute pressure (b) velocity of fluid (c) flow (d) Rotation
- The property of a fluid which enables it to resist tensile stress is known as
 - (a) viscosity (b) surface tension (c) cohesion (d) adhesion
- Barometer is used to measure f)
 - (a) pressure in pipes, channels etc. (b) atmospheric pressure
 - (c) very low pressure (d) difference of pressure between two points
- Laminar developed flow at an average velocity of 5 m/s occurs in a pipe of 10 cm radius. The velocity at 5 cm radius is:
 - (a) 7.5 m/s (b) 10 m/s (c) 2.5 m/s (d) 5 m/s
- If w is the specific weight of liquid and h the depth of any point from the surface, then pressure intensity at that point will be
 - (a) h (b) wh (c) w/h (d) h/w
- i) The property of fluid by virtue of which it offers resistance to shear is called (a) surface tension (b) viscosity (c) cohesion (d) adhesion
- Working principle of dead weight pressure gauge tester is based on **j**)
 - (a) Pascal's law (b) Dalton's law of partial pressure
 - (c) Newton's law of viscosity . (d) Avogadro's hypothesis
- All the terms of energy in Bernoulli's equation have dimension of k)
 - (a) Energy (b) Work (c) Mass (d) Length



- 1) For measuring flow by a venture meter, if should be installed in
 - (a) vertical line (b) horizontal line
 - (c) inclined line with flow downward (d) in any direction and in any location.
- m) The stress-strain relation of the Newtonian fluid is
 - (a) linear (b) parabolic (c) hyperbolic (d) inverse type
- n) Surface tension has the units of (SI unit)
 - (a) Newton (b) Newton/cm (c) Newton/m (d) None of the above.

Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8

Q-2 **Attempt all questions** Discuss types of Fluid. 04 **a**) Derive an expression for the meniscus effect of a liquid. 05 **b**) Obtain an expression for capillary rise & capillary fall of liquid? 05 c) Q-3 Attempt all questions Derive an expression for the Meta-centric height of floating body. 07 **a**) Enlist types of manometers. Differentiate between u-tube manometer and u-tube **b**) **07** differential manometer. Q-4 **Attempt all questions** Give the differences between the following 04 (1) Steady flow and Unsteady flow. (2) Laminar flow and Turbulent flow. In three dimensional fluid flow, the velocity component are $u = X^2 + Y^2Z^2$, **05** v = -(XY+YZ+ZX). Determine the 'w' to satisfy the continuity equation. A 30 cm X 15 cm venturimeter is inserted in vertical pipe carrying water, flowing 05 in upward direction. A differential mercury manometer connected to the inlet and throat gives a reading 20 cm. Find the discharge. Take $C_d = 0.98$ Q-5 **Attempt all questions** What is Venturimeter? Derive an expression for the discharge through a **07** a) Venturimeter Discuss different types of similarities that must exist between a prototype and its **07** model. **Attempt all questions** Q-6 State the various dimensionless numbers with their significance in fluid flow 04 situations. Write a short note on Reynold's experiment. 05 A shaft of diameter 0.35 m rotates at 200 r.p.m. inside a sleeve 100 mm long. The 05 dynamic viscosity of lubricating oil in the 2 mm gap between sleeve and shaft is 8 poises. Calculate the power lost in the bearing.



Q-7 Attempt all questions

- a) Derive an expression for velocity distribution for viscous flow through a circular pipe. Also sketch the velocity distribution and shear stress distribution across the section of a pipe.
- **b)** Prove that the velocity of sound waves in a compressible fluid is given by $C = \sqrt{(k/\rho)}$. Where K = Bulk modulus, $\rho = Mass$ Density.

Q-8 Attempt all questions

- a) State Bernoulli's theorem for compressible fluid flow and derive an expression for the same when the process is adiabatic
- b) Define Mach number. What is the signification of Mach number in compressible fluid flows?